Mr. HOLMES, of Massachusetts.

"Mr. Holmes, I think, is what would be called a cute speaker, in that quarter from which he comes. He affects a great deal of point, in his sentences; and is often pretty successful. His manner evidently indicates, that he expects the full force of his arguments and sarcasms, to be duly appreciated by the audience. A certain tone of voice. almost bordering upon whine, has a prejudicial influence upon his oratory—though, by the way, it is not very uncommon among the public speakers of New England. Take by the purchaser giving bond with approved him altogether, I think Mr. H. a pretty shrewd politician; and although I may think him neither correct nor profound in his views, yet he is generally ready and apt in his replies, and tolerably ingenious in his ar-

Mr. CLAY, of Kentucky.

cast. He is warm, vehement, and, when | 17th instant, if fair, if not, the next fair day, fairly engaged, is almost headlong in his elo-quence. To use the back-woods simile, he NEGROES, horses, cows, farming utensils, seems as though he would "fly off the helve," household and kitchen furniture, &c. A during the paroxisms of declamation. He credit of nine months will be given on all the sometimes descends to mimic the manner of his opponents; and yet, if the waggery were retorted upon him, it would certainly exhibit a scene no less ludicrous. The language of Mr. C. though seldom select, and scarcely ever classically polished, is always forcible. He is unquestionably a powerful speaker; and will always have considerable influence in a popular assembly.

Mr. RANDOLPH, of Virginia. The style of Mr Randolph's rhetoric having already been delineated by an abler hand, I shall not presume at this time to trouble you with any minute sketches, of my own. He is an orator sui generis. While the eloquence of Mr. Clay gushes forth like the mountain torrent, impetuous and foaming—that of Mr. Randolph glides along like a pellucid streamlet, discovering, in its devious meanderings, every curious gem and pebble in its bed, and reflecting from its dimpled surface the dancing rays of attic wit and humour. Mr R. does not seem to find himself at home, as a politician, among the republicans of modern times. He frequently de-claims against the republicanism of the present day; and refers continually to the administration of Thomas Jefferson, as the golden age of our Republic. On a recent occasion I think he hit off his own character, as a statesman in a few words-with great accuracy-although, in the act of quoting them, he disclaimed their applicability to himself-viz: "Difficilis, querulus, laudator temporis acti" He is in fact exceedingly prone to find fault with the present state of things, and to praise the times that are past. | til all is sold. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. One reason for this, may be, that he was Attendance will be given by then a conspicuous leader of the majority but now belonging in reality to no party, he

of American liberty, though it be only with the clatter of her slippers. Mr. Lowndes, of South Carolina. "Mr. Lowndes, is undoubtedly the most influential member in the House of Repre sentatives. His eloquence is neither showy nor graceful; but his mildness and candour. superadded to the useful information which he brings into the discussion of every impor tant topic, win upon the confidence of the House, and give a weight to his opinions which can never be acquired by declamatory vehemence, nor pointed sarcasm. Mr L stands as it were, on the isthmus between the contending parties, in the hall-and by means of his influence, which he has obtained, is enabled to moderate the dashing of the billows on either hand. A suggestion from him, will often times avert a proposition of menacing aspect; and change the direction of a debate that promises nothing better than angry repartee, or noisy harrangue. Such

criticises upon all sides, and, like Momus in

the fable, he must find fault with the goddess

diate constituents, but to the nation at large. --:-RELIGION.

men are not only valuable to their imme-

"How charming is religion, when it is the offspring of gratitude not of fear; and when it is characterised by cheerfulness and bene-

"Religion is the one thing needful, as it leads to true felicity; yields the best support under trouble; comforts in the midst of affliction; and brightens the prospect of death.
"The more honest a man is, the less he

affects the air of a saint. The affectation of sanctity is a blot on the face of piety. "Never judge of a preacher's piety by his

professional zeal. The semblance of righteousness may be put on as mechanically as a surplice.
"Under the pretended sanction of divinity,

the most cruel farces, and cruel tragedies have been performed. The actors called themselves God's servants; and the words

CONSCIENCE. A wicked man never can be happy, though he had the riches of Croesus, the empire of Cyrus, and the glory of Alexander. Wealth and honors can never cure a wounded conscience.

### Dr. John Clapper

Having settled at his father's house, soliits a portion of patronage from the commu-March 1.

### Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late Wm, C. Davenport, are requested to present them for settlement to the subscriber, and those indebted are desired to

JOHN ABELL, Aty. in fact for Mary Davenport, executrix.

#### Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, a Wagon and Five young Horses, with every requisite equipment for the road. Should they not be disposed of by the 28th of this month, he will on that day offer them at pub-THOMAS H. HALL.

#### Public Sale.

I WILL offer, at public auction, at my residence, near Mr. John Downey's mill, about "Mr. Clay is an orator of a very different | three miles from Charlestown, on Friday the credit of nine months will be given on all the above property, except the negroes, for which the cash must be paid. Sale to begin at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by

MATTHEW PARTRIDGE.

#### A Lot of Ground For Sale in the Town of Smittefield, Jeffer-

son County, Va. KNOWN by lot No. 1, on the main street f said town, which will be offered for sale to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 18th nstant, for ready money, or good bonds or notes. Any person wishing to see this lot | come forward, that we may at least look one will please apply to captain Moses Smith or to Mr. Daniel Fry. Sale will take place at words and a little money has sometimes kept will be sold on a liberal credit, or exchang-12 o'clock.

R. WORTHINGTON, JOHN T. COOKUS, Adm'ors. of Col. J. Morrow, dec'd.

### Public Sale.

I shall offer at public auction; on a credit f nine months, at my farm near Charlestown, on the main road to Harper's Ferry. on Thursday the 9th day of March next, if fair, if not, the next fair day, the following on the east side of the Shenandouh River, is property to wit: Corn by the barrel, kye y the bushel, Cows, Steers, Sheep, a number of Hogs, amongst which are ten breedng Sows-farming utensils, a quantity of excellent Bacon and Lard-also, household and kitchen furniture, beds and bedding, &c. The sale will continue from day to day, un-

HENRY GARNHART. Feb. 24.

#### Boot & Shoe Making. THE Subscriber informs the Public that he has commenced the

Boot & Shoe Making Business, in the house belonging to Doctor Griggs, nearly opposite Mr. Henry Haines' Tavern, where he will be thankful for employment in the line of his Business, and engages that his work shall be done in the best manner. AUGUSTUS SHOPE.

# Jane Woods,

Would advise the public that she has on hand

### a good supply of Drugs & Medicines.

The following are part of her Assortment: Fresh Tamarinds, Madeira Citron-White Wax, Red and Black Sealing Wax, Courtplaster-Inkpowder, Purified London Soap, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, Copal Varnish-Bees Wax, Putty for Window Glass, Inksand and Wafers, Lancetts assorted, Tooth Brushes,

Tapers for sick rooms, With a General Assortment of

CONFECTION, All of which she will sell low for cash, and hopes she will merit and receive a share of business in her line. January 26th, 1820.

Fulling and Carding. THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public, that he has engaged Mr. Thos. Crawford, a known workman throughout this and the several adjoining counties, to conduct the above buwhich they used, they pretended to have received from Heaven."

siness for a term of years: From the confidence placed in his abilities as a workman, the subscriber flatters himself, that there will be general satisfaction rendered to all who may please to favor him with their custom.

JOHN HELLER.

### Tan Yard for Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell his tan vard, situate near Mr. Worthington's mill, in Charlestown.; The yard consists of ten layaway vats, with the necessary handlers, an extensive bark shed, and mill for grinding bark. There can be a considerable number of yats sunk, the lot being extensive. There for, will offer at public sale, at the store house is also on the premises, a tolerable good log dwelling house, with a kitchen adjoining.

He will also sell a lot adjoining the above, containing half an acre, which is well calculated for a wagon stand. The situation of consisting of that elegant new well finished the whole is inferior to none in the county. The terms will be made uncommonly easy. For further particulars apply to the subscriber, on the premises.

JACOB E. PARSON.

#### HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, his house and lot, near the Presbyterian meeting house, in Charlestown. This property would be very suitable for a mechanic. Messrs. Good and Kennedy, all of which Also for sale, an acre lot of ground, near the brick yard. A great bargain may be had, modation of purchasers, the if immediate application be made. For terms apply to the subscriber, on the premises, or to the Editor of the Farmer's Repo-

JACOB FISHER.

#### ANDREW WOODS,

Cabinet Maker,

HAS on hand bedsteads of the various descriptions and fashions, and an assortment of CABINET WARE, all of which he sells at prices conformable to the present reduced prices of country produce, and hopes that all who wish to purchase furniture will give him a call. If the furniture wanted is not on hand it can be made on the shortest notice-orders from the country or a distance off, will be attended to with great particularity and care. I entreat once more that those who owe me claims long since due, will another in the face again before we die-good the Sheriff off my moveables. January 26.

FOR SALE,

### A Tract of Land

N the county of Jefferson and state of Virginia, within six miles of Charlestown. and convenient to Harper's Ferry, being part of the tract called and known by the name of Shanondale tract. This land lies well watered, and has a tolerable good mill seat on it, and well timbered, containing i is believed, an abundance of iron ore, and the soil susceptible of great improvement by the aid of Plaister and Clover-and contains about

One Thousand Acres, is fee simple, and the title of all undisputed.

It will be laid off in Lots to suit purchato secure the distant payments.

all the aforesaid land, will be shewn the on Bullskin, and near the premises, who is authorised to make contracts, the deeds for bed ticking and bombazetts, &c. &c. which, with general warranty, will be made by JOHN HOPKINS. Hill and Dale, Jan. 19—tf.

#### BOATING.

THE subscriber has taken the ware house belonging to Mr. Geo Hageley, near Keeptryst Furnace, and the ware house of Col. Jno. Blackford, formerly occupied by Messrs. Marmaduke & Co. in Shepherdstown, for the purpose of delivering

FLOUR

in Georgetown and Alexandria, at the following prices, viz: to Georgetown, from the first mentioned place, at 94 cents; to Alexandria, one dollar. From Col. Blackford's ware house to Georgetown, 94 cents in high water, and from 94 cents to one dollar and 50 cents in low water. He will deliver the same in the neatest manner and on the shortest notice. Any person being unacquainted with him can have good security for the punctual performance of his engagements. The subscriber will also thank most gratefully, those who may favor him with their custom. Any person wishing to contract for the delivery of their flour in his absence, may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepherdstown, to Mr. Hageley near his ware house, or to Mr. George Malleory, at Harper's Ferry. T. S. Bennett, Esq. will attend to the storage of Flour delivered at the ware house in Shepherdstown. There will be a

person constantly at Mr. Hageley's ware house to receive flour. The undersigned, returning from the above places, will convey Plaister on the most reasonable terms.

WILLIAM MALLEORY.

Executor's Sale

# OF HOUSES AND LOTS

IN SHEPHERD'S-TOWN. THE subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of John Kearsley, Esq. dec'd in pursuance of the directions of the Testa. of Messrs. Good and Kennedy, in Shen herd's Town, on Thursday the ninth day of March next, all the houses and lots belonging to said Kearsley, in Shepherd's Town

### BRICK HOUSE.

and valuable lot, lately occupied by Mr. Kearsley, situated on the main street. This house is well calculated, either for public business, or the accommodation of a private family, it has attached to it, all necessary out buildings, principally built of brick, and

-ALSO-

The dwelling house and appertenances, now occupied by Mrs. Baylor, together with the store house and ware house now occupied by buildings are on one lot, but for the accom-

Store house, and ware house, with a part of the lot will be sold separate from the dwelling house.

The purchaser of any part of the above property, on paying one fifth of the purchase money in hand, will have a credit, of 1 2, 3, and 4 years for the residue, without interest, giving bond with approved security for said four equal unnual payments.

The sale will commence at eleven o'chek, when due attendance will be given by

JOHN BAKER.

Shepherd's Town, Feb. 16.

### 322 Shares,

Conococheague Bank Stock

And as it is received at the bank in payment of debts, due to said bank, debtors will find it the most ready and convenient way of paying up, by buying the above stock. It ed for bonds and notes ..

JAS. S. LANE. Shepherd's-Town, Feb. 16, 1820.

### More New Goods

Bought under the Hammer

FOR CASH,

At Knock-down Prices. ONE of the concern has again been in

market and just returned with another fresh supply of cheap cloths, cassimeres, cords and velvets, cassinetts, fancy vestings, flanneis, blankets, coatings, baizes, carpetings of all kinds, planes, peieisse cloths, cassimere shawls, Canton crapes, Italian ditto. pure white satin, colored ditto white, black and more or less, nearly 300 of which is leased | light blue pattinett, striped and plain gauze, and tenanted for three lives, subject to green and all other colored Florences, luswhich that part of it will be sold, the balance trings of all colors, levantines, fashionable ribbands, fancy trimmings for both dresses and bonnetts, best Irish linens, and linen sers, and will be sold payable one fifth in cambricks very cheap, best strong hempen cash, and the balance in one, two, and three ticklenburgs and Burlaps linen (better to wear annual payments with interest, and a deed | and cheaper than domestic for laboring men of trust on the premises or good personal se curity, as may be agreed on, will be required Irish sheetings and dowlas, flax linen. ditto. brown shirtings, and domestic plaids, All persons desirous of purchasing any or | cambrick muslins, patent (power loom) shirtings, fancy lenos, and other fancy mussame by Mr. Daniel Hefflibower, residing lins, India muslins of all kinds and qualities, worsted, silk and cotton hosiery very chesp,

> Superior old French Brandy-Spirits and Wines-best fresh Teas-Loaf and Lump Sugar-Goshen Cheese, &c.

The very first quality New Orleans Sugar-West India ditto (very cheap) and rime Coffee-Molasses-Raw Cotton-Par, and best Twilled Bags -machine Cotton of all numbers-Candle Wick, &c.

Womens, mens, girls and childrens' shoes of every discription.

China, glass, stone, queens' and wooden ware, knives and forks, penknives, Hantsman's ditto. &c. &c.

Patent shoethread-Boot and shoemakers, saddlers and harness makers at a distance, will do well to lay in a supply while it is to be had, it being of a superior kind, and

New Fresh Goods are vastly preferable to Old Goods, not only because they are stron-ger and wear better, but because they come cheaper. Bonds, Notes, Flour and wheat received in payment of Goods.

J. S. LANE & TOWNER.

Shepherdstown, Feb. 16.-P. S. All those in arrears are requested to make ready and pay up. J. S. L. & T.

# FOR SALE,

Three or four fresh Milch Cows with their calves, if timely applied for. RICHARD MeSHERRY.

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE. Digitized by Harpers Ferry National Historical Park under grant from Harpers Ferry Historical Assoc.

# FARMERS' REPOSITORY.

CHARLES TOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15, 1820.

[No. 623.

herein designated, one representative.

said territory on the second Monday of the

month of June next; and the said Convention

in the said territory, which to them shall

so met, shall first determine, by a majority

of the whole number elected, whether it be,

Constitution and State Government for the

within the boundaries above designated, and

if it be deemed expedient, the Convention

shall be, and hereby is, authorized to form

for the use of schools.

Second. That all salt springs, not ex-

and regulations, as the Legislature of said

Third. That five per cent of the nett pro-

ceeds of the sale of lands lying within the

sold by Congress, from and after the first

Fourth. That four entire sections of land

be, and the same are hereby, granted to the

said state for the purpose of fixing their seat

of government thereon, which said sections

shall, under the direction of the Legislature

of said state, be located, as near as may be,

in one body, at any time, in such townships

and ranges as the Legislature aforesaid may

select, on any of the Public lands of the U-

TERMS OF THIS PAPER. THE price of the FARMERS' REPOSITORY is Two THE price of the FARMERS' REPOSITORY is Two patterns, and one at the expiration of the year, encement, and one at the expiration of the year, encement, and one at the expiration of the year, encement, and one at the expiration of the year, encement, and one at the expiration of the Editor, until arrearages ept at the option of the Editor, until arrearages And the election, for the representatives aforesaid shall be holden on the first Monday, and two succeeding days of May next, throughout the several counties aforesaid in the said territory, and shall be in every respeet held and conducted in the same mandvertisements not exceeding a splitter, this is a recommendation of the same man-

for every subsequent insertion. All adverepis sent to the office without having the numepis sent to the office without having the numof fines for which they are to be inserted, de-ited, will be continued until forbid, and chargthe General Assembly, except that the re-. All communications to the Editor on business,

just be post paid. the laws of said territory.

#### AN ACT

Von. XII.]

To authorize the people of the Missouri Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original states, when so assembled, shall have the power and to prohibit slavery in certain Terri-

Best enacted by the Senate and House of sentatives of the United States of A a in Congress assembled, That the inants of that portion of the Missouri itory included within the boundaries nafter designated, be, and they are by, authorized to form for themselves people within the said territory, as included itution and State Government, and me such name as they shall deem proand the said state when formed, shall itted into the Union, upon an equal

a Constitution and State Government; or, if it be deemed more expedient, the said with the original states in all respects Convention shall provide by ordinance for electing representatives to form a Constitu-2. And be it further enacted, That ion or frame of Government; which said the said State shall consist of all the territo-Representatives shall be chosen in such included within the following boundaries, manner, and in such proportion, as they it: Beginning in the middle of the Misshall designate; and shall meet at such time sappi river, on the parallel of thirty six deand place as shall be prescribed by the said rees of north latitude, thence west, along ordinance; and shall then form for the peohat parallel of latitude, to the St. Francois ple of said territory, within the boundaries irer: thence, up and following the course of foresaid, a Constitution and State Governthat river, in the middle of the main channel ment: Provided, that the same, whenever thereof, to the parallel of latitude of 36 deg. formed, shall be Republican, and not repugminutes; thence west, along the same, to nant to the Constitution of the United States; point where the said parallel is intersected and that the Legislature of said state shall meridian line passing through the midnever interfere with the primary disposal of of the mouth of the Kansas river, where the soil by the United States, nor with any e same empties into the Missouri river; regulations Congress may find necessary for thence, from the point aforesaid north, securing the title in such soil to the bong fide along the said meridian line to the intersecpurchasers; and that no tax shall be impostion of the parallel of latitude which passes ed on lands the property of the United States; through the rapids of the river Des Moines, and in no case shall non resident proprietors making the said line to correspond with the be taxed higher than residefits. Indian boundary line; thence east, from the Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That point of intersection last aforesaid, along until the next general census shall be taken, the said parallel of latitude, to the middle of the channel of the main fork of the said ri. the said State shall be entitled to one Reprever les Moines; thence down, and along sentative in the house of Representatives of themiddle of the main channel of the said ri- the United States. Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That r. Des Moines, to the mouth of the same, the following propositions be, and the same where it empties into the Mississipi river; are hereby, offered to the convention of the hence, due east, to the middle of the main said territory of Missouri, when formed, for channel of the Mississippi river, thence down their free acceptance or rejection, which, if and following the course of the Mississippi accepted by the convention, shall be obligaiver, in the middle of the main channel thereof, to the place of beginning: Provided tory upon the United States: First. That section numbered sixteen in every township, and when such section has been sold, or otherwise disposed of, other lands equivalent thereto, and as contiguous ordering on the said State, so far as the as may be, shall be granted to the State for the use of the inhabitants of such township

te said State shall ratify the boundaries aforesaid; And provided also, that the said State shall have concurrent jurisdiction on he river Mississippi, and every other river aid rivers shall form a common boundary the said State, and any other State or ates, now or hereafter to be formed and builded by the same, such rivers to be com- ceeding twelve in number, with six sections men to both; and that the river Mississippi, of land adjoining to each, shall be granted to and the navigable rivers and waters leading the said State for the use of said State, the no the same, shall be common highways, same to be selected by the Legislature of the affor ever free, as well to the inhabitants | said State, on or before the first day of Januthe said state as to other citizens of the U- ary, in the year one thousand eith hundred mied States, without any tax. duty, impost, and twenty five, and the same, when so selector toll, therefor, imposed by the said ed, to be used under such terms, conditions,

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That | State shall direct: Provided, that no salt free white male citizens of the United spring, the right whereof now is, or hereafates, who shall have arrived at the age of ter shall be, confirmed or adjudged to any inenty-one years, and have resided in said dividual or individuals, shall, by this section tory three months previous to the day | be granted to said State: And provided, al election, and all other persons qualified so. That the Legislature shall never sell or wote for representatives to the General lease the same, at any one time, for a lonamembly of the said Territory, shall be ger period than ten years, without the conqualified to be elected, and they are hereby sent of Congress. ualified and authorized to vote, and choose epresentatives to form a convention, who all be apportioned amongst the several said territory, or state, and which shall be

From the county of Howard, five repre- day of January next, after deducting all exnlatives. From the county of Cooper, penses incident to the same shall be reserved ree representatives From the county of for making public roads and canals, of which atgomery, two representatives. From three fifths shall be applied to those objects county of Pike, one representative, within the State, under the direction of the rom the county of Lincoln, one representa- Legislature thereof; and the other two fifths ive. From the county of St. Charles, three in defraying, under the direction of Congress, presentatives. From the county of Frank- the expenses to be incurred in making of a one representative From the county road or roads, canal or canals, leading to the St. Louis, eight representatives. From said State. is county of Jefferson, one representative. rom the county of Washington, three reesentatives From the county of St Geneeve four representatives. From the counof Madison, one representative From e county of Cape Girardeau, five repreatatives. From the county of New Madtwo representatives. From the county Wayne, and that portion of the county of

Lawrence that falls within the boundaries nited States: Provided, that such locations | contracts which have been made for the

a Seminary of Learning, and vested in the been faithfully performed Legislature of said state, to be appropriated solely for the use of such Seminary by the turns of the election in that portion of Law- said Legislature : Provided, that the five Land Claims enq ire into the expediency of rence county: included in the boundaries foregoing propositions herein offered, are providing by law for the location of unsatisaforesaid, shall be made to the county of on the condition that the convention of the fied warrants (issued to the troops of the Wayne, as is provided in other cases under | said state shall provide, by an ordinance, | Virginia State Line, for services during the Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That | ed States, that every and each tract of land | priated lands of the United States. sold by the United States, from and after the members of the convention thus duly the first day of January next, shall remain elected shall be, and they are hereby, authorized to meet at the seat of government of exempt from any tax laid by order or under the authority of the state, whether for state, county, or township, or any other purpose and after the day of sale, and further, that the United States for the current year. and authority to adjourn to any other place the bounty lands granted, or hereafter to be seem best for the convenient transaction of their business; and which Convention, when granted, for military services during the late empt as aforesaid from taxation for the term or be not, expedient at that time to form a patents respectively.

Sec. 7 And be it further enacted. That. in case a constitution and state government shall be formed for the people of the said | the House to recommit to the committee of territory of Missouri, the said convention or Ways and Means the bill entitled, &c. (the representatives, as soon thereafter as may appropriation bill) with instruction to prebe, shall cause a true and attested copy of pare the same in reference to an occasional such constitution, or frame of state govern- instead of a permanent employment of the ment, as shall be formed or provided, to be squadron in the Mediterranean," transmitted to Congress.

Sec 8. And be it further enacted, That in all that territory ceded by France to the United States, under the name of Louisiana, which lies north of thirty six degrees and thirty minutes north latitude, not included pay of the seamen, \$989,320 within the limits of the state contemplated by this act, slavery and involuntary servitude, otherwise than in the punishment of penses on account of the sick, including the crimes, whereof the parties shall have been duly convicted, shall be, and is hereby, forever prohibited: Provided always, that any person escaping into the same, from whom labor or service is lawfully claimed, in any and wharves, pay of superintendents, store state or territory of the United States, such fugitive may be lawfully reclaimed and conveyed to the person claiming his or her labor | corps, \$177,222 or services as aforesaid.

H. CLAY, Speaker of the House of Representatives JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate pro tempore Washington, March 6, 1820. Approved: JAMES MONROE.

### CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, MARCH 3. Mr. Rhea from the committee, on pensions and revolutionary claims reported a bill to provide for continuing in force that, after due enquiry, they believe that Revolutionary war. The bill also contains | a limited time of any portion of the sum ana provision requiring the agents for paying pensions to give bond in 5,000 dollars each. for the faithful performance of the duties enoined upon them. It was proposed that this bill be forthwith ordered to be engrossed for a third reading; but that course was overruled, and the bill was referred to a com-

mittee of the whole. Mr Smith, from the committee of Ways to a bill which had been referred to them, a order of the Circuit Court for the District establishment and regulation of the Treasury, War, and Navy Departments; which was referred to a committee of the whole

Mr. Slocumb submitted a resolution aurespective Houses on the - day of - and 29th November last. next. And, at the instance of the mover, These reports were also ordered to lie on the said resolution was ordered to lie on the the table.

Mr. Cocke submitted for consideration the following resolution: Resolved, That the committee on Naval

Affairs be instructed to enquire into the expediency of reducing the Naval Establishment of the United States, to effect a reduction of expense by a reduc- one fourth.

tion in the number of officers of the Navy, so as to proportion them more equally to the course of which it was supported by the number of vessels in commission. It was to mover, and Mr. Warfield and Mr. Culpepthis point only that he wished to call the at- per, and opposed by Messrs Smith of Marytention of the naval committee. The house having agreed to consider the Johnson, Foot. Holmes, Wood & Lowndes. motion by a vote of 67 to 63, it was then,

on motion of Mr. Loundes, with the consent of the mover, ordered to lie on the table. On motion of Mr. Cocke, it was then

shall be made prior to the public sale of the building by repairing fortifications, arsenals lands of the United States surrounding such . or magazines, since the year 1815; and also that he report the amount of monies ac-Fifth That thirty-six sections, or one en- tually paid, to whom and when, and whetire township, which shall be designated by | ther public notice was actually given of said the President of the United States, together | contracts, and what surety was given, in with the other lands heretofore reserved for | what amount, and whether the surety is that purpose, shall be reserved for the use of | still solvent; and whether the contracts have

> On motion of Mr. M Coy, it was Resolved, That the committee on Private

irrevocable without the consent of the Unit- revolutionary war) on some of the unappro-

#### NAVY APPROPRIATIONS.

The house then resolved itse'f into a committeee of the whole, Mr. Aelson, of Virginia, in the chair, on the bill making apwhatever, for the term of five years from propriations for the support of the Navy of

On this bill a rather interesting but desultory debate took place, which employed the war, shall, while they continue to be held time of the committee until past four o'clock. by the patentees, or their heirs, remain ex. The Speakers were in succession, Messrs. Smith of Md. Johnson, Storrs, Clay, of three years from and after the date of the Lowndes. Trimble, Meigs, Foot, Silsbee, Cobb, and Fuller.

Towards the close of the Debate, Mr. Clay moved that "it be recommended to

After debate, this motion was negatived, 72 to 51; and the committee rose and reported the bill, with the following appropriations therein viz:

For pay and subsistence of the officers, and

For provisions, \$115,187. For medicines, hospital stores, and all ex-

marine corps. \$415.187 For repairs of vessels. \$184,000. For con ingent expenses \$140.000 For improvement of navy yards, docks,

keepers, clerks, and laborers, 100,000 For pay and subsistence of the marine

For clothing the same, \$27,205. For military stores, \$1,000. For the contingent expenses of the same, \$ 20,000.

And, before considering the same, The House adjourned.

#### TUESDY, MARCH 7.

Mr. Silshee, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, who were instructed to enquire into the expediency of suspending for a limited time, so much of the standing appropriation of \$1,000,000 for the increase of the Navy as may be consistent with the public service, &c made a report, the purport of which, is, (without limit, the act to provide for persons | true economy and the best interests of the disabled by known wounds received in the nation are opposed to a suspension, even for nually appropriated for the gradual increase of the Navy; and that they have not been able to ascertain where any essential reduction can be made in the expences of the Na-

vy, without reducing the establishment. The report was ordered to lie on the table. The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting statements in relation to fines, penaland Means, reported, by way of amendment | ties and forfeitures, levied and collected by oill in addition to the several acts for the of Columbia, from the year 1801 to the close of the year 1819-also statements designate ing the expenses incurred on account of the District Court of the United States and those incurred on account of the sittings of the Supreme Court; and a letter from the horising the President of the Senate and same officer transmitting statements, shew-Speaker of the House of Representatives to | ing the state of the Bank of the U. States, lose this Session by adjournment of their on the 25th of February, the 27th of May.

#### NAVY APPROPRIATIONS

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the report of the committee of the whole on the bill making the annual appropriations for the support of the Navy.

Mr. Cobb moved to recommit the bill to the c mimittee of Ways and Means, with in-Mr. Cocke made a few remarks in the structions so to amend it as to reduce the apcourse of which he stated his object to be | propriation for every branch of the service,

This motion produced a debate, in the land, Smith of North Carolina, Trimble, Mr. Johnson, desirous to postpone this and the other appropriation bills until the amount of the deficit in the Treasury was ascertained, and the deficit supplied, moved Resolved, That the Secretary of War be to strike out the proposed instruction to the directed to report to this house copies of all | committee, so as to leave the question one of

recommitment merely. This motion was The question was then taken on Mr.

Cobb's motion, and negatived, 15 or 20 members only rising in favor of it. The report of the committee of the whole

was then agreed to, and the bill, as it stands. was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading. And the House adjourned.

WEDNESDY, MARCH 8.

On motion of Mr. Cocke, the bill respecting the Military Establishment of the United States, (for reducing certain branches of it) was committed to the same committee to whom had previously been referred the bill making appropriations for the military service for the year 1820.

The amendments of the Senate to the bill "to provide for taking the fourth census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States," were read and concurred in by the

MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT. The bill making appropriations for the mi-

litary establishment was then taken up. Mr. Cannon, moved to strike out all the first section of the bill excepting the enacting clause, and in lieu thereof to insert the fol-

"That the Military Peace establishment of the United States shall consist of such proportions of Artillery, Engineers, Infantry and Riflemen, as the President of the United States shall judge proper to retain in service, not exceeding in the whole, including officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, five thousand."

Mr. Cannon supported this motion by a speech of some length on the necessity of retrenchment, occasioned by the state of the finances; the inutility of an Army in peace -the Militia being willing and competent to perform any occasional service in which an

army may be employed. Mr Clay avowed himself to be in favor of reducing the Army, in preference to resorting to taxes, loans, or to an invasion of the sinking fund, to meet the expences of the government-if, on the report of the committee of foreign relations, the attitude of the country should not be changed to that of war, or to that which should menace war." Meanwhile, he was disposed not to act on the bill now before the committee, but to defer it for the present, for the purpose of acting on the military appropriation bill. If, after the report of the committee of foreign relations should be made, it should be thought expedient to reduce the Army, the appropriations would shape themselves to what should be the actual force and condition of the Mi litary Establishment. He therefore moved to lay this bill on the table, with a view to take up the appropriation bill,

The question was taken on this motion without debate, and decided in the affirma-

The bill making appropriations for the support of the Military Establishment, for the current year, was then taken up On coming to the appropriation for the

support of the Military Academy for the

Mr. Cannon spoke at some length against this appropriation, on the ground of hostility to the institution itself; conceiving that the money levied by taxes on the People, and on the poor as well as the rich, could be better employed than on the gratuitous instruction of a privileged class of youth.

Mr Smith, of Maryland, remarked that the arguments of the gentleman would well apply to a proposition to abolish this institution; but did not apply with any force to the question in hand, which was not the Es tablishment of the Academy, but the appropriation of money to defray expenses already authorized by law.

Mr. Cannon had proposed a sum less than that moved by the Chairman of the committee of ways and means for the support of the Military Academy. So that two questions were presented: the one on a certain sum necessary to the support of the Academy as it now stands, and the other on a less sum. The question being taken, according to usage, on the largest amount, it was decided in the affirmative, by a large majority.

The committee proceeded to the consideration of the other items of appropriation. The item of 21.000 dollars, for bounties and premiums on enlistments of recruits to fill up the Army, coming up-

Mr Williams, of North Carolina, opposed this item, on the ground that there was no necessity for encreasing the number of the Army beyond their present actual amount.

Mr. Smith, of Maryland, supported the appropriation as being almost a matter of course, and, generally, on the ground that the army ought not to be reduced at all; but, if reduced, that it ought to be by a direct

Mr. Trimble declared himself to be in favor of a reduction of the Army, but in a practicable way; and he thought that, to attempt it in this way, would but serve to weaken the efforts which should hereafter be made directly to effect the same object.

Mr. Slocumb was opposed to this appropriation; and, by way of shewing how cautious the House ought to be in making its appropriations, said, that it appeared, from documents laid before the House, that powder and lead belonging to the government had been loaned to bankrupts to the amount of 240,000 dollars-the repayment of which the House is coolly informed, by the officer having charge of that branch of the service, was precarious and, in order to mend the matter, that 10,000 dollars more had been

advanced in money to the same persons. Mr Foot, with a view to present directly

ring in the ranks, moved to strike out from the bill all that relates to appropriations for Mr. Smith, of Maryland, opposed the mo-

[Here the Debate began to be essentially a debate on the reduction of the Army.] The question on Mr. Foot's motion was

then decided in the negative by a decided And the item of appropriation for bounties, &c. for the recruiting service, was

The other appropriations in the bill were then agreed to, until the House came to the appropriation for fortifications; for which object the committee of Ways and Means propose the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars.

This item gave rise to some brief debate, which had not terminated when a motion was made for the committee to rise, (about 4 o'clock,) and agreed to.

Whereupon, the House adjourned.

THURSDAY, MARCH 9.
RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

Mr. Loundes, from the committee on foreign relations, delivered in the following report: The Committee to whom has been referred so much of the President's Message, at the commencement of the session, as relates to foreign affairs, re-

That their attention was directed, immediately upon their appointment, to the state of the relations of the United States with Spain, and that their delay in making a report upon them must be attributed to their wish "to afford an opportunity for such friendly communications, during the pre-sent session of Congress," as the government of Spain had authorized us to expect. They thought t better that Congress should postpone its determination until events might enable it to make that determination definitive, than that it should pass a contingent act for authorizing measures which it was not proposed immediately to execute; that it should found its determination upon relations ascertained to exist, than upon a calculation of events which might be expected to occur during its

But more than a year has passed since the signature of the treaty by which it was proposed to ter-minate the long differences between the U. States and Spain. More than six months since, the apntment of a new Minister from Spain, who was orthwith" to make known to the United States the intentions of his government, and we have advanced so far in the session as to make it necessary to propose, without further delay, any measure on which it is expected that Congress shall act before

The committee will not attempt to add any thing to the exposition of the rights of the United States and the obligations of Spain, which is contained in the correspondence between the two governments. We can hardly expect, from continued negociation, the redress which has been claimed for twenty years, and promised for eighteen-which has been a second time promised, and a second time withheld. In such a negociation, the signature of a treaty seems to be a mere incident, and not its

upon the property of our citizens, for the invasion of our soil, for the weakness or partiality which has made a Spanish territory the place of rendezvous and encampment of an enemy, and which has still more lately permitted the Indian inhabitants of that territory, (whom Spain was bound by treaty to restrain,) to engage in savage hostilities against us; for all these acts of war, a people less attached to peace would seek redress only by war. To capture and confiscate the ships and property of the wrong doer, would be admitted to be a policy of mildness and forbearance. But, by such reprisals, | whose principles they admire. the government that does the wrong suffers less than the unoffending subject. It seems a more just reprisal to occupy the province which has been wages of desertion, and tamper with an integrity which not to receive a restrict reserved. made an instrument of injury, which has been designated by Spain herself as the fund for our insensity and whose conjunction by the U States demnity, and whose occupation by the U. States will stop the accumulation of those claims for compensation and redress, which the misgovernment of that neglected colony continually produces. The committee submit to the house a bill to authorize

sion of East and West Florida, and establish a temporary government therein. There appears too much reason to believe, from the mistake of the Spanish negociator, as to the dates of the Spanish grants, which it was intended to annul, if the projected treaty had been ratified, that the Crown lands in Florida may be insufficent to provide the expected indemnity for our losses. But these may be applied, as far as they will go, to the compensation of our citizens, and for the excess of our claim, Spain, by whose act the domain of Florida has been rendered independent, must expect us to look westward. Perhaps, when our attention is thus forced to a direction more interesting to Spain, her government may at last admit that it is as much her interest as ours, that the ast claims of the United States should be provided

or by friendly convention, and we may hope that the next treaty between the two nations may be executed as well as signed. The following bill accompanied the report Be it enacted &c. That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to take possession of, and occupy, the territories of East and West Florida, and the appendages and appurtenances thereof; and he is hereby authorized, for that purpose, to employ any part of the army and navy of the United States, and the militia of

any state, which he may deem necessary Sec. 2. Ana be it enacted, That, until the end of the next session of Congress, unless provision for the temporary government of the said territories be sooner made by Congress, all the military, civil, and indicial powers exercised by the officers of the existing government of the same territories shall be vested in such person and persons, and shall be exercised in such manner, as the President of the United States shall direct, for maintaining the in sabitants in the free enjoyment of their liberty property, and religion; and the laws of the United States relative to the collection of the revenue, and the importation of persons of color, shall be extended to the said territories; and the President of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized, within the term aforesaid, to establish such districts for the collection of the revenue, and during the recess of Congress to appoint such officers, whose commissions shall expire at the end of the

as to him shall seem expedient Sec. 3. And be it enacted, That the sum of dollars is hereby appropriated, for the purpose of carrying this act into effect, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to be applied under the direction of the Presilent of the United States.

next session of Congress, to enforce the said laws,

The bill was twice read, and referred to a committee of the whole on the state of the Union. The resolution lying on the table to authorize, the publication of part of the Secret Journal of to the House the question of authorizing the Congress, under the articles of Confederation, and principles which have justified themselves

e nlistment of men to supply vacancies occur- | the amendments reported thereto by the select committee, being read, were concurred in by the House, and the resolution, as amended, was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time. The following Message was received from the President of the U. States, by Mr. J. J. Monroe:

> To the Speaker of the House of Representatives. I transmit to the House of Representatives, pursuance of their Resolution of the 22d of last onth, a report from the Secretary of State, with the papers containing the information requested by that Resolution.

Washington, 8th March, 1820.

To the President of the United States: . The Secretary of State to whom has been refered the Resolution of the House of Representatives of the 22d ultimo, requesting the President to im part to that House any communications touching the Florida Treaty, which have not heretofore been nmunicated, and the communication of which in his opinion, may not be prejudicial to the interests of the United States, has the honor of submitting to the President the papers containing the in-formation in possession of this Department requested by the Resolution JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

Department of State, 7th March, 1820. [The documents accompanying this report were ordered to be printed.] MILITARY APPROPRIATIONS .- FORTIFICA-

The House again resolved itself into a committee of the whole on the bill appropriating monies for the support of the Military Establishment for the

The whole of the remainder of the day was occupied on this bill, and principally on the subject of the appropriation for fortifications. The debate resulted in-flxing on 8 90,000 dollars

s the amount of appropriation for fortifications, for the present year, being the sum recommended by the commttee of Ways and Means. Before finishing the consideration of this bill, the committee rose (at 4 o'clock) and the House ad-

[Translated for the Washington City Gazette.] Morillo's attempt to seduce the British

The reply of the British officers and soldiers of the Republic of Venezuela to the Proclamation addressed to them by the Spanish General Morillo, bribing them to desert to the royalists.

SIR-Your address to the British portion of the Venezuelian army claims from them an answer. lest their silence should lull you into a self-complacency inconsistent with the | the whole of the army destined to Buenos abhorrence and indignation that address is

The men who now reply to your degrading overtures are those who, in your native Spain (as here) were the Champions of liberty, and rescued your violated soil from foreign despotism. The genius of their country was then your shield, and themselves the | than the reformists, it being their interest so instruments of its magnanimity; whilst, in thus offering up their blood and the lives of thousands for ungrateful Spain and the sovereignty of Ferdinand, they have but re-For the spoliations which have been committed | vived the reign of tyranny, and added scope to the ravages of fanaticism and malice.

The same reverence of virtuous liberty which thus in the old world restored your country's freedom, now animates them in the new: where alike inaccessible to bribes or threats, they will still sustain the cause of afflicted humanit and preserve a sacred faith to that contains and injured people, whose interests they have adopted, and

When you venture to offer such men the undermine their principles? Principles which, from having as you confess often witnessed, devoted to your country, you should have known too thoroughly to have suspected, and the President of the United States to take posses- have profited by too feelingly to have insult-

The British officers and soldiers in Venezuela, in withdrawing from their homes to fight the battles of American Independence carry with them their honor, their national credit, and the good wishes of their countrymen: nor shall the brave and generous Republicans, who are sharing with them the remnant of their once beautiful possessions, find them wanting in good faith, because persecution has left them nothing more to

You have thought fit in your elegant reprobration of those "Ragamuffins and Wiseacres." as you are pleased to call them, to consider the British troops, their chiefs and officers as the dupes of empty promises and expectations. Thus terming them the tools of others, that you may the more easily render them your own. But they disdain the imputation as unjust to the government they serve, and beneath the dignity of your own. Could they even doubt the solidity of the one or the integrity of its acts, it would be on stronger grounds than such futile expedients

of the other. The hero of this struggling Republic is as respected for his integrity as he is admired for his patriotism and talents: his country loves him, and his British allies freely consecrate to him their lives and services in acceleration of that glorious epoch, which is to repay his sacrifices and his virtues by the liberty of his country. Less fortunate, indeed, in a generous enemy, and in foreign relations than that illustrious man to whom you have weeks later than former advices. They concompared him with more justice than you tain no news of importance. The accounts intended; Bolivar is as deserving of his from Spain were not so late as those brought country's gratitude and the admiration of the world as Washington himself-and like him, he will be venerated whilst he lives, and his memory be immortalized in the his-

tory of his emancipated and grateful country. Washington, by the aid of France, and Spain, established in eight years the liberty A most furious of the North. That very Spain which sided the independence of England's Colonies, now perverts the term: still degrading with the stale title of rebellion, those glorious

year's war, and which, time and consistency have ripened into a noble name—a name virtually if not politically recognized by all the world—that of an Independent People, But Spain, unjust as she is impotent, would degrade those whom she can no longer rule, and exterminate what she cannot possess; manifesting a spirit of intolerance, and a sanguinary thirst of blood, that has appalled the civilized world; that has given energy to the resistance of her victims, and added

strength to their ranks in the persons of commisserating allies. With proper sentiments of consideration for old Spain, the officers and men, of the British forces, claim the moral benefit of her example in the instance of North America; nor could the wishes of Spain have been more ardent for the emancipation of the North, or her confidence in their realization more complete, than are those of the British troops in the speedy deliverance of the

In the mean time, the Englishmen in Venezuela, just to those principles in which they have been trained, will never pollute their characters by deeds of atrocity and murder. They will respect the laws of war, and the pleadings of humanity; and ever de. precate those savage principles that have hitherto prevailed throughout this melancholy contest.

A BRITISH OFFICER. In the service of Venizuela. Margarita, July 1st, 1819.

FURTHER PARTICULARS FROM SPAIN. We have seen a letter in the Providence American of yesterday, from Samuel Larn-

ed, Esq. a respectable merchant, formely of that place, but who for eleven years pas has been a resident of Cadiz, wherein, afternating the news pretty much as we have alrady received it, he appears to incline to theopi. nion that it is a mere revolt among the troops, that will finally be put down by the existing government. He says the revolt in July last, which was suppressed by O'Donnell, was only partially smothered, and has now broke out with new fury. It extends to Ayres, amounting to 12,000 men. He thinks, if the leaders had marched directly to Cadiz. they could have taken that city, as the whole military force at that time amounted only to 400 men. Their dilatory movements gave the Royalists time to rally, and Cadiz is more inclined to support the government to do. He states, that on the night of the 4th, forty nine men and one officer, deserters from the new cause, came in from Isla. a very bad symptom, which will probably be followed by others of the same nature. No symptoms of disaffection have been observed in the squadron, which is very important, as their junction with the troops would have rendered the surrender of Cadiz inevitable. He admits that the insurrection is much more formidable than any thing that has occurred since the return of Ferdinand, and sometimes appears to think it may progress. He says its consequences must be important, The army is completely implicated, and must either be sacrificed or go forward; time alone will determine which. The only America, which now will never sail. He concludes, however, with the declaration, that every thing is perfetly tranquil at Cadiz, where not the smallest appearance of disaffection has taken place, and that "Spain no longer desires the restoration of the Constitution and the Cortes.' If this be correct, there is an end of the insurrection, and "Ferdinand the Beloved" may continue to reign, and to weave petticoats for the Virgin Mary, until time shall have strewn as many snows upon his head as now decorate that of the illustrious George the third of England.

BOSTON, MARCH 6. A letter is received in town, from Hivana, dated 15th ult. stating, that Lieut. Percival, of the U. S. frigate Macedonian, Captain Downes, had arrived at that place from the Pacific Ocean, over land from Panama, by the way of Porto Bello, bearer of despatches for government, from Capt. Downes: that he Lt. P. was then in ill health; but would roceed as soon as his health would permit, for the U. States, in the U S. schr. Hornet, Lt. Ramage. It is conjectured the despatches are of an important nature.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

NEW-YOYK, March 8.

Bos. Patriot.

The fast sailing, regular trading ship Ann Maria, Captain Waite, arrived at this port yesterday afternoon from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 20th January. The editors of the Mercantile Advertiser have received papers to that date, with London papers and Lloyd's Lists to the 18th, three by the arrival at Philadelphia.

The royal assent was given to the seditious and blasphemous libels bill, and the newspaper stamp duties bill, on the 30th December. Parliament adjourned that day to the A most furious insurrection is stated

have broken out at Smyrna. Much block has been shed on the occasion. The palace of the Pacha was stormed, and he himselfescaped with great difficulty. The President's Message had been publish

in most of the London papers, and was wardedas an able state paper. In remarkupon it the editor of the Courier says: h is satisfactory to learn from this doennent, that the United States' government sectively and sincerely co-operating in put-

THE Thespian Society favored the public with Barclay. Esq. to be H. B. Majesty's their first exhibition, on Saturday evening, the 11th Commissioner for carrying into effect the sh and 7th articles of the Treaty of Ghent, TO CONQUER," and the farce "TURN OUT." ge John Ogilvy, Esq. deceased.

A destructive fire broke out at Oxford on by 9th of January, which destroyed Mag. den Hall. It destroyed the whole range finildings, consisting of sets of rooms. The Theatre at Birmingham, was burnt to the ground on the night of the 6th Janu-

on the 12th of January, Prince- Talleyrad was confined by indisposition. The esdirector Barras was at the point of death. Marshal Soult was introduced to Louis WIII. who restored to him his baton as a The King of France has granted a pardon of the audience: In short, every thing was adapted General Lavalette.

FREDERICKTOWN, MD. MARCH 4. FLOUR -On Tuesday last, 121 wagons pased the first toll gate east of Monococy, rold in one eny .- Herald.

WASHINGTON, MARCH 9: The following officers of the United States Naty are at present on a visit to the seat of Commodores Murray, Macdonough, and

Captains Jones, Biddle, Spence, Chauncey

Major General Brown, Colonel Wool. and several other officers of the Army, are also at present at the seat of government. General Boyd, late of the Army of the land is also on a visit to this city.

The subject which has occupied so much of the time of the present Congress, being now happily disposed of, the other matters depending before both houses may be expected to receive the attention due to them. Among these, the several appropriation aws will be among the first, as most urgentvrequiring attention. Last Saturday was e day for the semi-annual payment to the Revolutionary pensioners. By some arangement of the Branch Bank in this place provision was made for paying the claimants here, who thronged the door of the Bank at an early hour, notwithstanding the public notice previously given. We fear, however hat no such arrangement has been made with regard to the other Branches; and, from what we'saw here, we can imagine the disappointment and dismay of the veterans whom thas been necessary to turn away empty handed from the portals of the Banks, because no appropriation has been made for psying them. In Boston and other Newern States, the scene must have been disessing-particularly as many of the pen-

give the promised bounty of the government. Nat. Int. The bill authorising the people of the Missouri Territory to form a constitution and state government, and for the admision of the same into the Union on an equal footing with the original states; (without the proposedrestriction) having received the signature of the President of the United States, has be-

mers have travelled from a distance to re-

relieved from a state of suspense in h the people of the United States genehave largely anticipated. It would be just not to say, that, through the whole niness, at the present session, as well as e last, their Delegate, Mr. Scott. has dis-

at length opened, as the reader will see by ficial documents on the subject: We are presented with a proposition to

ke immediate possession of the Floridas, ad to establish a temporary government

ior down the slave trade." The Prince Regent has appointed Antho-

spectable assembly, in their first attempt, and without much previous preparation, may be considered as a sufficient earnest of what may be expected from their future exertions. Much credit is due to the performers generally, but the manner in which propriate. The managers are entitled to tlanks for the taste with which the scenery was adjusted. and for the propriety with which every thing was arranged for the convenience and accommodation

THE REPOSITORY.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15.

COMMUNICATION.

generally expected. Besides the advantages resulting to the members themselves-and the defects of pronunciation, delivery, &c. which frequent recitations are calculat- lours, that I ever met with, but more espeed to correct, there is very little doubt, from the cially for negroes. They keep the feet on their way to Baltimore. Great numbers encouragement already received, but they will be warm and dry, in ditching, and in all kinds of these wagons carry 20 barrels, and no able to contribute not only to the pleasure and doubt the whole would average 16, making a | amusement of our citizens, but also to promote the total of little less than 2,000 barrels on this objects of benevolence and charity, these being the this association are actuated.

to entertain and amuse, and far exceeded what was

From the National Intelligencer, of March 11. There was yesterday communicated to Congress, by the President, a report of the Secretary of State, transmitting a number of documents exhibiting the latest accounts from our Minister at Madrid. They shed ittle additional light, however, on the state of our relations with Spain. The subjoined letter, which is the latest from Mr. Forsyth is also the most interesting, shewing that the Spanish government had refused to receive United States, and more recently from Eng- ; a remonstrance addressed to it by our Minishim, with reasons therefor.

Madrid, November 27, 1819.

" Late on the evening of the 16th of the present month, after my letter to you of that date had been sent to the post office. I was very much surprised to receive from the Duke of San Fernando the remonstrance addressed him on the 18th of October last The causes assigned for this step you will and in the copy of the Duke's note of the only course which I could pursue, was to insist upon the reception of the remonstrance and, if that was refired, to leave Madrid. believing that, in doug this, I should only anticipate the wishes of the President. It s possible that this determination will grativ the wishes of this government, whose good

will has been lost to me, ever since the deivery of my official note, of the 21st of June to Mr. Salmon. The truth of this suppo-Eagland towns, where the pensioners are sition will be ascertained by the effect of my more numerous than in the Middle and Sou- note of the 20th, a copy of which marked No. was in Madrid at the date of my last letter. has with great reluctance, accepted it From the government of Spain, I know noth

wed a zeal and discretion which entitle . Our affairs with Spain - The following to the thanks and confidence of his con- extract of a private letter, from a highly respectable source, which we have had an opportunity of perusing, gives us more satisfac-The Budget of the Committee of Foreign tory information on the subject of our relaelations, in the house of Representatives, tions with Spain than is disclosed by the of-

Extract of a letter dated

CADIZ, DEC. 17, 1820. the West, as well as Florida on the South. and means to do. Thus, you see, if our ticket or token, he shall forfeit and pay, for e rather approve the intermediate course people wait for explanations from this court, every such offence, a fine, not less than fifty oposed by the committee of Foreign Relathey may wait, and the business will be prothey may wait, and the business will be proe territorial limits designated by the Trea. 20 years longer. If our government will ceptance, check, ticket or token, may recoand believing, on the other, that the diact with energy, all will go right. It is ri. oriness of the Spanish government, ascerdiculous to talk of England assisting this porate, making the same, or causing it to be ined since the date of the President's Mescountry; they are on as bad, or, if possible, made, or from any member, officer or agent age, justifies a more peremptory course than on worse terms with Spain than ourselves. of a body politic or corporate, who shall have The report and bill were referred to a comlittee of the whole whole sition to quarrel with us. She wishes, it is sisted in making, or signed, countersigned sition to quarrel with us. She wishes, it is ittee of the whole on the State of the Unitrue, to get us into a war with Spain, but or endorsed the same, the full sum of twenty dollars, with costs, either by warrant before and may therefore be called up at any that is merely to get a cover or plea for acan early day.

that is merely to get a cover or plea for acapture, will be acted on knowledging the independence of S. Ameib. rica, or forcing Spain to admit her media- days' notice in court; but no body politic or

tion, securing to herself the commerce ex- corporate, &c. is prevented from making any lusively for 20 years.

Our country has but one line of conduct to only of drawing money actually due to them.

England or France \* \* litics, and ought never to allow them to meddle in our affairs. All things here continue inst. by performing the comedy, "SHE STOOPS | to remain in the same state of confusion; and, though Lozano Torres is not in the Mi- at any place or to any person within or The satisfaction afforded to a numerous and re- nistry, he has as much, or more influence | without this Commonwealth, is also declared than ever."

COUNTERFEIT

Five franc pieces are in circulation in this city. The execution is admirable, and the Messrs. Sloan, Mitchell, Cowles and Morrow ac. | imposition can only be detected by the juitted themselves, does great honor to their talents | weight, which is about a twenty cent piece and industry. The music was excellent and ap- | lighter than the genuine coin - Balt. Pat.

> TROM THE AMERICAN FARMER. Arlington House, near Alexandria, ? February, 1st. 1820. WOODEN SOALED SHOES.

editor, observes-Wooden Soaled Shoes, are | ber next. the very best shoes for labourers of all coof labour, to be performed out of doors in winter and are saving in expences, of fully chief motives by which the gentlemen composing | 80 per cent. My people are shod in this way, and themselves declare, that they never were so comfortable in their feet before, while my leather bill from 100 dollars, has been reduced to scarce 20 dollars.

You form the soal after the appearance of the leather soal and heel, the wood about half, or three fourths of an inch in thickness; around the upper edge, is cut a rabbit, into which is nailed, with ordinary sized tacks the upper leather-not a particle of thread is needed, except to close the two parts of upper leather. Every man may be his own ter, and cansed the same to be returned to shoe maker, and a man would put together a dozen pair a day. In slippery weather, Mr. Forsyth to the Secretary of State, dated small plates of iron are nailed around the toes and heels, and frost nails driven in them, which also protects the soal from wear. Gum, ash, or dogwood, are the best for the soals, and about two setts of soals, will last through the winter. The feet are never wet or cold, and hence will be remedied those chronic pains and evils, to which negroes are 12th November, marked No 1. After ma. subject, to cold and wet. For any purpose ture deliberation, it appeared to me that the | but a foot race, these are the very best shoes, and I doubt whether even Sir Humphrey Davy has made a more useful discovery, in the fast twenty years.

The following act was passed at the last session of the Assembly of Virginia. An act, 'to amend the act more effectually o prevent the circulation of notes emitted by unchartered banks,' declares it unlawful for , is enclosed. If they wish me to remain, put into circulation a paper circulating methey will either receive the remonstrance or | dium, to issue, circulate, directly or indirectgive me such assurances with respect to the | ly, cause to be issued, or put into circulation, grants as will justify me in withholding it al- any note, bill, check or ticket purporting or for the purpose of renting all the property at together. I shall give you the earliest possi- evidencing, or intended to purport or evi- that place, belonging to the estate of the late. ble information of what is done. At all dence, that any sum less than five dollars John Wager, dec'd. Also, the stone house events. I shall not quit Madrid until the will be paid to any person receiving or hold. on the opposite side of the river, now occufirst of January, and will, if I am obliged to | ing such note, bill, check or ticket, or that it | pid by David Coons. The ware house may leave it, remain in France until the beginning | will be received in the payment of any debts | be rented separately if required, and for a of March with the hope of hearing before. or dues. Any person who shall, contrary to that period what direction Congress will give | the true intent and meaning of this act, | the mean time from such as wish to rent her to our affairs with Spain. General Vivas directly or indirectly, issue, circulate, or house in Charles Town cause to be issued or put into circulation, or I did not hear of his arrival until the 17th, who shall sign, countersign or endorse any The people of the Missouri Territory are although he arrived on the 15th. I have note, bill, check or ticket, as aforesaid, shall been told that his appointment has been be held and taken to be guilty of a misdemade known to him officially, and that he | meanor, punishable by a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than three hundred dollars, and imprisonment for a term of not ing about him, either formally or informally. less than one nor more than twelve months, at the discretion of a jury. But no person is prevented from giving his bond or note, in consideration of any contract, or for any sum which may be bona fide due to the per- are upwards of twenty acres well set in closon receiving the same, or from drawing a check or draft for any sum actually due to the drawer. It shall not be lawful for any body politic or corporate, to make, or cause to be made, any bond, note, bill, draft, acceptance, check, ticket or token, purporting or evidencing that such body politic or cor-"We have nothing new here. Mr. For- porate, or that any officer or agent thereof, rein. This proposition goes a little be-syth has been pressing this government very owes or will pay, or requires any other per-Message to General action of the President in hard about Gen. Vivas, and it has at last (in son, body politic or corporate, to pay any Message to Congress, and falls consider- order to quiet Mr. F.) been determined that sum of money less than five dollars; and, if y short of the views of at least some of the he shall go; but I know positively, from a any member, officer or agent thereof, shall desmen in Congress. The President reperson who has it from Vivas himself, that make or cause to be made, or shall aid or asmended the authorizing of a contingent he goes to Paris, from thence to London, and sist in making, or causing to be made, or nation of that territory; some of our that he has no idea of leaving Europe, until shall sign, countersign or endorse any such the West accounting Texas it is known what our government has done, bond, note, bill, draft, acceptance, check,

draft or check, and using it for the purpose pursue-to do justice to themselves, and not . In like manner, any person, who, with the meddle, directly or indirectly, either with | intention to issue, circulate or offer it in payment, shall bring into this Commonwealth We have nothing to do with European po- any note, bill, check or ticket purporting that any sum less than one dollar is due thereon, or that the said note, &c. will be received for any taxes, debts or dues, or is payable guilty of a misdemeanor; fined not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars; imprisonment not exceeding one month. Such offender may also be bound to his good behaviour; but these provisions do not extend to travellers or sojourners, in this Commonwealth, who, without intent to violate the provisions of this act, shall pay or offer in payment, any such bill, note, check or ticket. A fine of ten dollars is incurred by any person, who shall pay, or offer in payment, or in any manner, directly or indirectly, circulate, or cause to be circulated, any note, bill, check or ticket, the issuing or putting into circulation of which is by this act pro-Mr Custis of Arlington, in a letter to the hibited. This act to go into effect in Decem-

#### Entertainment.

WILL be performed, in the Academy, by the Thespian Society of Charlestown, on Saturday evening 18th instant, Goldsmith's much admired Comedy

She Stoops to Conquer, or the Mistakes of a Night. To conclude with the celebrated after piece,

TURN OUT.

Tickets to be had at John Marshall

### FOR CASH.

EARLY WHITE and round RED POTATOES for sale, at my house near Charlestown. THOS. HAMMOND.

March 15.

### PUBLIC SALE.

TILL he sold, on Friday the 24th inst. at the Subsriber's residence about one mile from Charles Town, the following property viz: cattle, hogs, farming utensils, a wagon and long ladders, household and kitchen furniture, and many other articles too numerous to mention. A credit of nine months will be given on all sums above tive dollars. The sale to begin at nine o'clock, and due attendance given by the subscriber.

WM. MACOUGHTRY. N. B. As the Subscriber intends moving to the state of Kentucky immediately after the above 'ay of sale, he requests all persons indebted to him to make immediate payment, and those having claims against him are desired to bring them forward for payment, on or before said day

WM. MACOUGHTRY.

NOTICE. WHE Subscriber will offer at Harper's, Ferry, on the last day of this month, longer time. She will receive proposals in

CATHERINE WAGER. Guardian of the heirs of Jno. Wager, dec'd.

# Land for Sale.

I WISH to sell my farm, lying within half a mile of Charles Town, Jefferson County Va. containing

130 ACRES. about forty of which are in timber. There ver, and between thirty and forty acres in a condition for farming this spring The improvements are a snug dwelling house and kitchen. A number of fine fruit trees, of different kinds, have lately been planted on said farm. The payments required, will be one third in hand, and the residue in equal annual payments. Possession may be had immediately.

SAMUEL RUSSELL Charlestown, March 15.

### Six Cents Reward. RAN AWAY from the subscriber, some-

the tailoring business, named GEORGE DUTCH. about sixteen years of age. The above reward will be given if brought home, but no

time in November last, an apprentice boy to

charges paid DANIEL W. GRIFFITH.

#### Lime for Sale. I HAVE for sale from five to six hundred

bushels of Lime, that would answer well for stone work, which I will sell low for cash. SAM'L RUSSELL.

Trustee's Sale.

BY virtue of a Deed of Trust executed to For Sale in the Town of Smithfield, Jeffer he subscriber by Samuel Russell, on the son County, Va. the subscriber by Samuel Russell, on the 14th day of Dec. 1819, for the purpose of securing the payment of a sum of money therein mentioned, to Samuel O. Offutt, will be offered for sale, before the door of Ro ert Fulton's tavern, in Charles-Town, on Saturday the 1st day of April next, one negro boy named Phil, about fifteen years old the property of the said Samuel Russell to the instant, for ready money, or good bonds or notes. Any person wishing to see this lot will be sold on a liberal credit, or exchanging up, by buying the above stock. It will please apply to captain Moses Smith or will be sold on a liberal credit, or exchanging up, by buying the above stock. It will be sold on a liberal credit, or exchanging the formula to the mighest bidder, on Saturday the 1st instant, for ready money, or good bonds or notes. Any person wishing to see this lot will be sold on a liberal credit, or exchanging the above stock. It will be sold on a liberal credit, or exchanging the said Samuel Russell. If the furniture wanter to Mr. D miel Fry. Sale will take place at the most ready and convenient way of the said said on the property of the said Samuel Russell. old, the property of the said Samuel Russell. 12 o'clock. The sale will take place between the hours of eleven and one.

R. C. LEE, Trustee. March 5th, 1820.

### Never so cheap before.

I have at my Store, in Charlestown, And now offer for sale, on such terms as cannot fail to meet with general approbabation, particularly at a period when money is said to be scarce,

A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF

#### Woollen Goods,

Superior blue, black, olive, green and mixt Cloths. Common and low priced Cloths, of almost all descriptions, Superfine and Common Cassimeres, all colours - Vestings in variety, Ladies' Pelisse Cloth, various colours and prices, Flannels—12 4, 10-4 and 8-4 Rose Blankets,

With an extensive Assortment of Hardware, Cutlery, China and Queen's Ware.

A considerable quantity of those goods having been bought for cash during the immense sacrifices in the cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore, enables me to sell them on such terms as will induce those who wish to purchase, to call here, being confident that they are superior, and at an inferior price to any heretofore offered. Report says times are hard, but my terms are easy. Wheat, Corn, Rye, Notes, Bonds or Cash, but the latter in preference to any, for goods at those sacrificed prices. The most advantageous terms ever offered in this part of the coun-

JOHN CARLILE. Charlestown, March 8.

#### Public Sale.

I WILL SELL, at Public Sale, at my farm near Smithfield, on Friday the 24th inst all my stock of Cattle, Horses, Sheep and Hogs; a Wagon and gears, farming utensils of every description, and Household and Kitchen furniture. A credit of six months will be given on all sums above five dollars, the purchaser giving bond with good security. Sale to commence at ten o'clock. JACOB KIME. March 8.

#### Tan Yard for Rent.

THE Subscriber wishes to rent his Tan Yard, situated on Bullskin, near the main | market and just returned with another fresh | to another of his children, which brought road leading from Charlestown to Battle- supply of cheap cloths, cassimeres, cords and away a vast quantity of very small worms. town, and five miles from the former place. There are TWENTY FOUR layawry VATS, five handlers, two limes and pool. It is in a good neighborhood for the business. There is some bark on hand. On the premises are a good dwelling house, stable and garden, with a pasture lot of five or six acres, two acres of meadow, and a good spring of water near the house. For further particulars, apply to the subscriber, living near the premises.

March 8.

### Notice.

NATHAN HAINES.

All persons having claims against the estate of the late Wm C. Davenport, are requested to present them for settlement to the subscriber, and those indebted are desired to make payment.

JOHN ABELL, At'y. in fact for Mary Davenport, executrix

### Public Sale.

I WILL offer, at public auction, at my residence, near Mr. John Downey's mill, about three miles from Charlestown, on Friday the 17th instant, if fair, if not, the next fair day, of all numbers-Candle Wick, &c. the following property, viz. several valuable NEGROES, horses, cows, farming utensils, household and kitchen furniture, &c. A credit of nine months will be given on all the above property, except the negroes, for which the cash must be paid. Sale to begin at 10 o'clock, and attendance given by MATTHEW PARTRIDGE.

March 1.

### Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, a Wagon and Five young Horses, with every requisite equipment for the road. Should they not be disposed of by the 28th of this month, he will on that day offer them at public sale. A credit of six months will be given, by the purchaser giving bond with approved THOMAS H. HALL.

BLANK DEEDS FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

### A Lot of Ground

KNOWN by lot No. 1, on the main street of said town, which will be offered for sale to the highest bidder, on Saturday the 18th

R WORTHINGTON. JOHN T. COOKUS, Adm'ors. of Col. J. Morrow, dec'd.

# Boot & Shoe Making.

THE Subscriber informs the Public that he has commenced the Boot & Shoe Making Business,

in the house belonging to Doctor Griggs, nearly opposite Mr. Henry Haines' Tavern, where he will be thankful for employment in the line of his Business, and engages that his work shall be done in the best manner. AUGUSTUS SHOPE.

February 9.

#### Jane Woods, Would advise the public that she has on hand

a good supply of Drugs & Medicines.

The following are part of her Assortment: Fresh Tamarinds, Madeira Citron-White Wax, Red and Black Sealing Wax,

Courtplaster—Inkpowder, Purified London Soap, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, Copal Varnish—Bees Wax, Putty for Window Glass, Inksand and Wafers, Lancetts assorted, Tooth Brushes, Tapers for sick rooms,

With a General Assortment of CONFECTION. All of which she will sell low for cash, and hopes she will merit and receive a share

FOR SALE,

of business in her line.

January 26th, 1820.

Three or four fresh Milch Cows with their calves, if timely applied for. RICHARD MeSHERRY. February 23.

### More New Goods

Bought under the Hammer

FOR CASH,

At Knock-down Prices.

ONE of the concern has again been in velvets, cassinetts, fancy vestings, flannels, Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the blankets, coatings, baizes, carpetings of all kinds, planes, peleisse cloths, cassimere shawls, Ganton crapes, Italian ditto. pure white satin, colored ditto, white, black and light blue pattinett, striped and plain gauze, green and all other colored Florences, lustrings of all colors, levantines, fashionable ribbands, fancy trimmings for both dresses and bonnetts, best Isish linens, and linen cambricks very cheap, best strong hempen ticklenburgs and Burlaps linen (better to wear and cheaper than domestic for laboring men and servants.) Russia dowlas and sheetings, Irish sheetings and dowlas, flax linen, tow ditto, brown shirtings, and domestic plaids, cambrick muslins, patent (power loom) shirtings, fancy lenos, and other fancy muslins. India muslins of all kinds and qualities, worsted, silk and cotton hosiery very cheap, bed ticking and bombazetts, &c. &c.

Superior old French Brandy-Spirits and appetite, &c &c. Wines-best fresh Teas-Loaf and Lump | Lee's Essence and Extracts of Sugar-Goshen Cheese, &c.

The very first quality New Orleans Sugar-West India ditto (very, cheap) and prime Coffee - Molasses - Raw Cotton -Tar, and best Twilled Bags-machine Cotton

Womens, mens, girls and childrens' shoes of every discription.

China, glass, stone, queens' and wooden ware, knives and forks, penknives, Hantsman's ditto. &c. &c.

Patent shoethread-Boot and shoemakers, saddlers and harness makers at a distance, will do well to lay in a supply while it is to be had, it being of a superior kind, and

New Fresh Goods are vastly preferable to Old Goods, not only because they are stronger and wear better, but hecause they come cheaper. Bonds, Notes, Flour and wheat re. | Ware House, No. 68, Hanover street, Balticeived in payment of Goods.

J. S. LANE & TOWNER. Shepherdstown, Feb. 16. P. S. All those in arreans are requested to make ready and pay up. J. S. L. & T.

Blank Attachments For sale at this Office.

#### 322 Shares,

Conococheague Bank Stock

And as it is received at the bank in payment of debts, due to said bank, debtors will at prices conformable to the present

Shepherd's Town, Feb. 16, 1820.

### Family Medicines.

FOR SALE, Whole ale and retail, by W. & J. LANE, LEE'S famous Antibilious Pills.

Messrs. Mich. Lee & Co. I have taken but two doses of your Antibilious Pills, and I am quite relieved from tryst Furnace, and the ware house of that sickness of the stomach, giddiness, &c. Jno. Blackford, formerly occupied by Mes which has troubled me for some time. I Marmaduke & Co. in Shepherdstown, shall recommend them to all my friends in he purpose of delivering similar cases. Your humble servant, G. C. COLLINS,

Front street, Balt. THESE mush esteemed Pills have been for many years prepared in Baltimere by the present proprietor, as many of our most respectable citizens can testify, and a num-ber of them have readily and gladly given certificates of their great value as a family

LEE'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Catarrhs, Asthmas, sore Throats, punctual performance of his engagements and approaching Consumptions.

Cheraw Court House, S. Carolina.

I procure immediately a sufficient quantity will, I feel confident, by being sufficiently used, remove the most distressing complaint that I or the human race have ever been subject to. I have not a doubt but that I shall | most reasonable terms be the means of your disposing of a great quantity of the Elixir in this part of the country. I am, sir, &c.
CHAS A. SPARKS.

Lee's Worm Lozenges. THE proprietor has now the pleasurs of stating that the following case came under his immediate observation: His little daugh | meeting house, in Charlestown. ter, about 5 years old, appeared very visibly to lose her flesh; no particular cause could be given for her thus pining away; she was at brick yard. A great bargain may length taken with fevers, which, with other if immediate application be made. symptoms led him to believe she had worms; he gave her a dose of Lee s L zenges, which brought away, incredible as it may appear, sitory. two worms, the one fifteen and the other thir-teen inches in length, each three fourths of an inch round; he has given the Lozenges

Warranted to cure by one application, free from Mercury or any pernicious ingredient. This vegetable remedy is so mild, yet efficacious, that it may be used with the utmost safety, on the most delicate pregnant

lady, or on a child of a week old. Lee's genuine Persian Lotion. The Persian Lotion operates mildly, rendering the skin delicately soft and smoothimproving the complexion.

Lee's Ague and Fever Drops. warranted to cure if taken according to the

Lee's Grand Restorative and Nervous Cordial. A most valuable medicine for great and general debility, nervous disorders, loss of

Mustard,

An infalible remedy for sprains, bruises rheumatism, numbness, chilblains, &c. Lee's Indian Vegetable Specific, A certain and effectual cure for the Vene real and Gonorrhwa.

Lee's Tooth Ach Drops, which give immediate relief. Lee's Tooth Powder, which cleanses and beautifies the teeth. Lee's Eye Water, a certain cure for sore eyes.

cure of head aches. Lee's Corn Plaster, for removing and destroying corns. Sold on most pleasing terms wholesale, by the Proprietor, at his Family Medicina

Lee's Anodyne Elixir, for the

cities and towns in the union. Please to abserve that none can be Lee's Genuine Family Medicines without the signature of Proprietor.

more, and retail in almost all the principa;

NOAH RIDGELY, Late Michael Lee, & Co.) March 1.

ANDREW WOOD

Cabinet Maker, HAS on hand bedsteads of the various scriptions and fashions, and an assortmen CABINET WARE, all of which he s notice—orders from the country or a dista off, will be attended to with great part larity and care. I entreat once more those who owe me claims long since due, come forward, that we may at least loof another in the face again before we diewords and a little money has sometimes the Sheriff off my moveables. January 26.

BOATING.

THE subscriber has taken the ware ! belonging to Mr. Geo. Hageley, near K

FLOUR

in Georgetown and Alexandria, at the lowing prices, viz: to Georgetown, from first mentioned place, at 91 cents; to A andria, one dollar. From Col- Blackfo ware house to Georgetown, 94 rents in 1 water, and from 94 cents to one dollar 50 cents in low water. He will deliver same in the neatest manner and on the sh est notice. Any person being unacquair punctual performance of his engagements

The subscriber will also thank most gr fully, those who may favor him with t Cheraw Court House, S. Carolina.

Mr. Noah Ridgely,

Sin—Being afflicted with an obstinate cough for more than seven years, which has never yielded to any remedies, though numbers have been applied, until I procured a few phials of your LEE'S ELIXIR, for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs. &c. which gave me considerable relief, and which, could house in Shepherdstown. There will a person constantly at Mr. Hageley's particular in the storage of Flour delivered at the manual few particular in the storage of Flour delivered at the manual few person constantly at Mr. Hageley's particular in the storage of Flour delivered at the manual few person constantly at Mr. Hageley's particular in the first the few person wishing to contract the cough for the delivery of their flour in his absent may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepher to Mr. George Malleory, at Hare ferry. T. S. Bennett, Esq. will attend to the storage of Flour delivered at the manual ferry than the first the cough for the delivery of their flour in his absent may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepher to Mr. George Malleory, at Hare ferry. T. S. Bennett, Esq. will attend to the manual ferry the first the delivery of their flour in his absent may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepher to Mr. George Malleory, at Hare ferry the first the delivery of their flour in his absent may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepher to Mr. George Malleory, at Hare for the delivery of their flour in his absent may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepher to Mr. George Malleory, at Hare for the delivery of their flour in his absent may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepher to Mr. George Malleory, at Hare for the delivery of their flour in his absent may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepher to Mr. George Malleory, at Hare for the delivery of their flour in his absent may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepher to Mr. George Malleory, at Hare for the delivery of their flour in his absent may apply to T. S. Bennett, Esq. Shepher to Mr. George Malleory, at Hare for the delivery of the may appl person constantly at Mr. Hageley's to house to receive flour.

> The undersigned, returning from above places, will convey Plaister on WILLIAM MALLEOR

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private house and lot, near the Prestry perty would be very suitable for a mach JACOB FISHE

Tan Yard for Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell yard, situate near Mr. Worthington in Charlestown. The yard consists layaway vats, with the necessary hat an extensive bark shed, and mill for gr bark. There can be a considerable numb of vats sunk, the lot being extensive. The is also on the premises, a tolerable good dwelling house, with a kitchen adjoir He will also sell a lot adjoining the abcontaining half an acre, which is well ca lated for a wagon stand. The situation the whole is inferior to none in the cou The terms will be made uncommonly For further particulars apply to the subse ber, on the premises.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of Land

JACOB E. PARSON.

IN the county of Jefferson and state of V ginia, within six miles of Charleston and convenient to Harper's Ferry, be part of the tract called and known by name of Shanondale tract. This land li on the east side of the Shenandosh River well watered, and has a tolerable good n seat on it, and well timbered, containing is believed, an abundance of iron ore, ar the soil susceptible of great improvement the aid of Plaister and Clover-and c

tains about One Thousand Acres, more or less, nearly 300 of which is lea and tenanted for three lives, subject which that part of it will be sold, the bala is fee simple, and the title of all undisput It will be laid off in Lots to suit purc sers, and will be sold payable one fifth cash, and the balance in one, two, and the annual payments with interest, and a of trust on the premises or good personal curity, as may be agreed on, will be requ

to secure the distant payments. All persons desirous of purchasing any all the aforesaid land, will be shewn same by Mr. Daniel Hefflibower, reon Bullskin, and near the premises, authorised to make contracts, the deca which, with general warranty, will be JOHN HOPKINS

Hill and Dale, Jan. 19-if.